Standards Based Skills Worksheet for Grade 5 English (2010)

Stu	dent:	Date:			
Completed by (name):		Position:			
Sch	School Division:				
1. Review SOL strand for Communication: speaking, listening, media literacy 5.1a-f, 5.2a-i, 5.3a-b		2. Review data on student performance and indicate all data sources analyzed to assess performance in this strand: Present Level of Performance (PLOP) Prior SOL data Standardized test data Classroom assessments Teacher observations			
3. (Check the areas that will require specially designe	ed instruction critical to meeting the standard.			
	ccessful with this standard, students are expected	responses in subject-related group learning activities. To be I to others' ideas and clearly expressing their own (e.g., one-on-one, in			
	follow rules for discussions and assigned group r	roles.			
	participate as active listeners in group learning a listening for main ideas; listening for sequence of ideas; and taking notes.	activities by:			
	 participate as informed contributors in subject-related group learning activities by: asking and answering questions at appropriate times; responding to specific questions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and elaborating on the remarks of others; communicating new ideas to others; clarifying confusing points; summarizing main ideas; organizing information from group discussion for presentation; preparing a prewriting tool (e.g., outline, web, or graphic organizer) for presentation prior to delivery; and summarizing a presentation orally prior to delivery. 				
	exhibit the ability to collaborate with diverse tear	ms.			
	demonstrate that they can work independently o				
	e student will use effective verbal and nonverbal ccessful with this standard, students are expected	communication skills to deliver planned oral presentations. To be I to			
	demonstrate appropriate eye contact with listener	ers.			
	use appropriate facial expressions and gestures t	o support, accentuate, or dramatize the message.			
	speak clearly at an understandable pace.				
	use acceptable posture according to the setting a	and the audience.			

	select information that develops the topic and is appropriate for the audience.		
	report on a topic or text sequencing ideas logically and using relevant facts and descriptive details to support main ideas or themes.		
	narrow the topic.		
	organize content sequentially and group together	related information.	
	put information in order, providing an overview of the information at the beginning or a summary of the information at the end.		
	create and/or use visual aids in presentations when appropriate to enhance development of themes and/or main ideas (e.g., graphics, sound).		
	use grammatically correct language.		
	expand, combine, and reduce sentences for mean	ning, interest, and style.	
	use specific vocabulary and style to enhance oral presentations.		
The student will learn how media messages are constructed and for what purposes. To be successful with this standard, students are expected to			
<u> </u>	identify the attributes of a constructed message (i.e., authorship, format, audience, content, and purpose). deconstruct several types of media messages by addressing the main question(s) raised by the media attributes		
<i>1</i> I	s/Are standard-based goal(s) needed?	□ NO Check one or more justifications:	
□ YES Address areas of need in PLOP		☐ Accommodations Available (specify): ☐ Area of Strength in PLOP ☐ New Content ☐ Other (Specify):	
5. Notes Supporting Data Analysis			
	Review SOL strand for	2. Review data on student performance and indicate all data	

3. Check the areas that will require specially designed instruction critical to meeting the standard.		
The student will expand vocabulary when reading. To be successful with this standard, students are expected to		
	use context as a clue to infer the correct meanings of unfamiliar words and phrases.	
	use context and sentence structure to determine meanings and differentiate among multiple meanings of words.	
	apply knowledge of roots, affixes (prefixes and suffixes), synonyms, antonyms, and homophones.	
	begin to learn about Greek and Latin affixes.	
	understand that often a word can be divided into root word, prefix, and suffix in order to determine its pronunciation.	
	understand how a prefix changes the meaning of a root word.	
	identify when an author uses language figuratively.	
	use word references and context clues to determine which meaning is appropriate in a given situation.	
	identify the word-reference materials, such as a dictionary, glossary, or thesaurus, that is most likely to contain the information needed.	
	develop vocabulary by listening to and reading a variety of texts.	
	study cross-curricular vocabulary.	
	e student will read and demonstrate comprehension of fictional texts, narrative nonfiction, and poetry. To be cessful with this standard, students are expected to	
	discuss the similarities and differences between a text and previously read materials (e.g., compare and contrast characters).	
	understand that characters are developed by: o what is directly stated in the text; their speech and actions; and what other characters in the story say or think about them.	
	understand that some characters change during the story or poem and some characters stay the same.	
	understand that the main character has a conflict that usually gets resolved.	
	identify the conflict or problem of the plot.	
	understand that plot is developed through a series of events.	
	identify the events in sequence that lead to resolution of the conflict.	
	discuss why an author might have used particular words and phrases.	
	identify the characteristics of free verse (poetry with neither regular meter nor rhyme scheme), rhymed poetry, and patterned poetry.	
	describe how an author's choice of vocabulary contributes to the author's style.	
	identify and ask questions that clarify various points of view.	
	identify main idea or theme.	
	summarize supporting details from text.	
	draw conclusions/make inferences from text.	
	identify cause and effect relationships.	
	make, confirm, or revise predictions.	
	become aware of when they do not understand (e.g., by reflecting upon and articulating what exactly is causing difficulty).	

	read familiar text with fluency, accuracy, and expression to support comprehension.			
	□ recognize structural elements of poems (e.g., verse, rhythm	recognize structural elements of poems (e.g., verse, rhythm) and drama (e.g., casts dialogue).		
	The student will read and demonstrate comprehension of non are expected to	iction texts. To be successful with this standard, students		
	use text features, such as type styles (e.g., boldfaced, italics) and color, captions under pictures and graphics, and headings of sections and chapters, to predict and categorize information in both print and digital texts.			
	□ apply prior knowledge to make predictions and build additi	onal background knowledge as context for learning.		
	□ skim material from print and digital texts to develop a gene	al overview or to locate specific information.		
	determine the main idea of a text and summarize supporting	determine the main idea of a text and summarize supporting key details.		
	identify structural and organizational patterns such as cause and effect, comparison/contrast, problem/solution, and chronological order.			
	□ identify specific information in text that supports prediction	s.		
	□ form opinions and draw conclusions from the selection.	form opinions and draw conclusions from the selection.		
	□ locate details to support opinions, predictions, and conclus	ons.		
	□ identify cause and effect relationships following transition v	identify cause and effect relationships following transition words signaling the pattern.		
	□ distinguish between fact and opinion.			
	□ identify, compare, and contrast relationships between char	acters, events, and facts.		
	 compare and contrast a firsthand and secondhand account and the information provided. 	1 /		
	□ identify new information learned from reading.			
	become aware of when they do not understand (e.g., by reddifficulty).	lecting upon and articulating what exactly is causing		
	□ read familiar text with fluency, accuracy, and prosody.			
4. I		neck one or more justifications:		
ים	☐ YES Address areas of need in PLOP ☐ All ☐ N ☐ N	commodations Available (specify): ea of Strength in PLOP ew Content her (Specify):		
5. N	5. Notes Supporting Data Analysis	(срес., у).		
1.	1. Review SOL strand for 2. Review	v data on student performance and indicate all data		
	Writing □ PI 5.7a-i, 5.8a-k □ PI □ St □ CI	esent Level of Performance (PLOP) for SOL data andardized test data assroom assessments		
	∐ Te	acher observations		

3. Check the areas that will require specially designed instruction critical to meeting the standard.		
	e student will write for a variety of purposes: to describe, to inform, to entertain, to explain, and to persuade. To be cessful with this standard, students are expected to	
	apply knowledge of the writing domains of composing, written expression, and usage/mechanics.	
	produce a clear and coherent written piece in which the development and organization are appropriate to purpose and audience.	
	recognize different modes of writing have different patterns of organization informative/explanatory clearly introduce a topic and group related information in paragraphs use facts, definitions, opinions, quotations, details, or other examples and information to develop the topic use specific vocabulary to inform and explain the topic; and provide a concluding statement or section related to the topic narrative organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally use transition words and phrases for sentence variety and to manage the sequence of events use specific vocabulary, words, and phrases to convey experiences and events provide a conclusion persuasive introduce the position provide evidence to support the position provide points for the opposite side and argue against them provide a conclusion.	
	create a plan, and organize thoughts before writing.	
	use a variety of prewriting strategies (e.g., brainstorming, listing, free-writing, and using graphic organizers.	
	focus, organize, and elaborate to construct an effective message for the reader.	
	write a clear topic sentence focusing on the main idea.	
	purposefully shape and control language to demonstrate an awareness of the intended audience.	
	select specific information to guide readers more purposefully through the piece.	
	write multiparagraph compositions focused on a topic, grouping related information in paragraphs and sections.	
	choose precise descriptive vocabulary and information to create tone and voice	
	develop and strengthen writing as needed, in consultation with peers or adults, by prewriting, drafting, revising, editing, or rewriting.	
	use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing, to develop experiences or characters.	
	use precise language and content-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain a topic, to persuade, describe or entertain.	
	include sentences of various lengths and beginnings to create a pleasant, informal rhythm.	
	vary sentence structure by using transition words and phrases.	
	use precise language and phrases to develop writing (e.g., consequently, specifically, especially).	
	clarify writing when revising.	
	include supporting details that elaborate the main idea.	
	use available technology to gather information and to aid in writing.	

The student will edit writing for correct grammar, capitalization, spelling, punctuation, sentence structure, and paragraphing. To be successful with this standard, students are expected to		
	 punctuate correctly apostrophes in contractions (e.g., isn't), and possessives (e.g., Jan's); commas [e.g., items in a series, to set off the words yes and no; and to indicate direct address (e.g., Is that you, Chloe?)]; quotation marks with dialogue; and hyphens to divide words at the end of a line. 	
	use underlining, quotation marks, or italics to indicate titles of works.	
	use adverb comparisons (e.g., fast, faster, fastest).	
	use adjective comparisons (e.g., big, bigger, biggest).	
	use adverbs instead of adjectives where appropriate, (e.g., "He played really well." instead of "He played real well.").	
	use a comma to separate coordinate adjectives (e.g., It was a fascinating, enjoyable movie).	
	use a comma to separate an introductory element from the rest of the sentence.	
	use plural possessives, (e.g., "The books' covers are torn.").	
	identify and use interjections (e.g., "Yikes, look at the size of that bug!").	
	form and use the perfect (e.g., I had walked; I have walked; I will have walked) verb tenses.	
	use verb tense to convey various times, sequences, states, and conditions.	
	avoid fragments.	
	avoid run-ons, (e.g., "I opened the door, the dog went out.").	
	eliminate double negatives.	
	use correct spelling of commonly used words.	
	identify and use conjunctions.	
	use technology, including the Internet, to produce, edit and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others.	
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	S/Are standard-based goal(s) needed? □ NO Check one or more justifications: □ Accommodations Available (specify): □ Area of Strength in PLOP □ New Content □ Other (Specify):	

5. Notes Supporting Data Analysis

1. Review SOL strand for		2. Review data on student performance and indicate all data	
		sources analyzed to assess performance in this strand:	
Res	search	☐ Present Level of Performance (PLOP)	
5.9	a-g	☐ Prior SOL data	
		☐ Standardized test data	
		☐ Classroom assessments	
		☐ Teacher observations	
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3. (Check the areas that will require specially designed	d instruction critical to meeting the standard.	
The student will find, evaluate, and select appropriate resources for a research product. To be successful with this standard, students are expected to			
	use available technology to gather information and to aid in writing.		
	conduct short research projects that use sources to build knowledge on a topic.		
	formulate research questions based on a topic.		
	select and use appropriate references (e.g., atlases, almanacs, and encyclopedias) including online, print, and media resources.		
	use available technology and media to organize, evaluate, and communicate information (e.g., presentation software, digital media).		
	identify key terms to use in searching for informa	tion.	
	organize information presented on charts, maps,	and graphs.	
	skim to find information related to a topic.		
	select information that is related to the topic at h	and.	
	evaluate and combine (synthesize) related inform	nation from two or more sources.	
	develop notes that include important concepts, summaries, and identification of information sources.		
	summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work.		
	prevent plagiarism and its consequences by giving credit to authors when ideas and/or words are used in research.		
	provide a list of sources including author, title, and date.		
4. 1	s/Are standard-based goal(s) needed?	□ NO Check one or more justifications:	
		☐ Accommodations Available (specify):	
☐ YES Address areas of need in PLOP		☐ Area of Strength in PLOP	
		☐ New Content	
		☐ Other (Specify):	

5. Notes Supporting Data Analysis